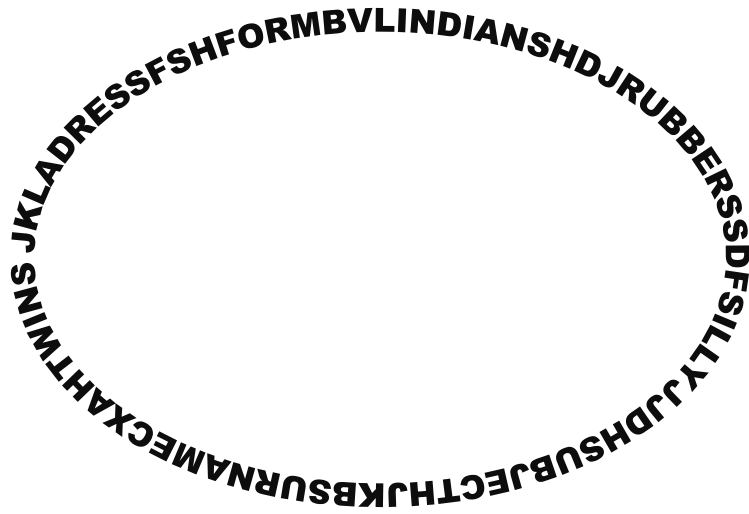


Sloveso TO BE



1. Find the words:

Najdi slovíčka



2. Complete the correct form of the verb TO BE:

Doplň správný tvar slovesa TO BE:

- Já jsem –
- My jsme –
- On je –
- Ty jsi –
- Tom je –
- Oni jsou –
- Vy jste –
- Ona je –
- To je –

3. Complete the sentences:

Dokonči věty (použij sloveso TO BE):

I _____ tall and slim.

Lucy and Tom _____ the best friends.

You _____ 10 years old.

We _____ a family.

It _____ (not) Monday today, it _____ Tuesday.

They _____ (not) from England, they _____ from Ireland.



4. Complete the questions and answers:

Dokonči otázky a odpovědi

1. _____ Monday today? – Yes, it _____ .
2. _____ they from Poland? – No, they _____.
3. _____ I at school? – Yes, you _____.
4. _____ you happy? – No, I _____.
5. _____ she at home? – No, she _____.

5. Translate:

Přelož

1. Je mi 14 let. _____
2. Lucy je z Německa. _____
3. Co je to? _____
4. My jsme přátelé. _____
5. On je učitel. _____
6. Oni nejsou v práci. _____
7. Toto je moje hračka. _____
8. To není můj pes. _____
9. Kdo jsi? _____
10. Je Ben doma? _____

6. Make pairs:

Spoj

- | | |
|--------|-----------|
| a bag | two girls |
| a car | two bags |
| a boy | two cars |
| a book | two boys |
| a girl | two books |

Přivlastňování, sloveso HAVE GOT



1. Make pairs:

Spoj obrázek se slovíčkem



nurse

tea

budgie

cage

champion

2. Translate: Přelož

- holčičí pokoj –
- Nickův pes –
- tátovo auto –
- babiččin dort –
- Benův dům –

3. Translate: Přelož

- já mám –
- on nemá –
- oni mají –
- máš ty? –
- vy máte –

4. Put the words in the right order:

Napiš slova ve správném pořadí, aby ti vznikla věta

HAVE A GOT DOG YOU ?

BROTHER HAS A DEBBIE GOT HIS NAME AND NICK IS .

MARMALADE HER JENNY A GOT CAT HAS IS AND NAME.

CAR GOT I HAVEN'T A .

5. Complete the sentences with have got / has got:

Přiřaď správný tvar slovesa have got / has got do vět



1. I _____ two siblings.
2. She _____ a cat.
3. We _____ a house.
4. He _____ straight hair.
5. _____ they _____ a pet?
6. _____ she _____ wavy hair?

6. Complete the sentences with haven't got / hasn't got:

Přiřaď správný tvar slovesa haven't got / hasn't got do vět

1. They _____ a big swimming pool.
2. You _____ a book.
3. She _____ a pink bag.
4. I _____ a blue pencil.

Rozkazovací způsob



1. Find the words:

Najdi slovíčka v osmisměrce

B	Z	C	L	E	A	N	V	F	U
G	O	S	L	T	C	M	N	L	S
U	A	R	T	K	I	D	E	A	E
J	R	P	I	A	S	M	Y	T	D
B	M	A	U	N	I	L	E	Z	E
C	S	X	R	F	G	R	S	V	A
P	O	S	T	E	R	H	S	K	D

nudný –

oči –

uklidit –

čas –

používat –

mrtvý –

byt –

plakát –

paže –

schody –

2. Write about houses:

Popiš domy na obrázku



3. Make pairs

Spoj obdélník s kruhem

Go!

Don't cry!

Neboj se!

Mluv!



Čti!

Nebreč!

Speak!

Don't worry!

Běž!

Read!

4. Translate:

Přelož

Come here, please. _____

Go away! _____

Sedni si! _____

Let's have a party! _____

Otevři dveře! _____

Bud' opatrný! _____

Don't do it! _____

Sloveso CAN, vazba THERE IS / THERE ARE



1. Find the words:

Vylušti přesmyčky a spoj s obrázkem

CHENB →

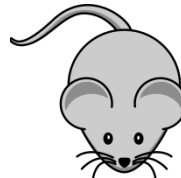
MECARA →

ANCDEL →

ORDRIETC →

RADME →

UOSEM →



2. Complete the sentences about Peter, Jane and Lucy (use can / can't):

Napiš věty (použij can / can't)

	Peter	Jane	Lucy
ride a bike	✓	✓	×
draw	×	✓	✓
sing	×	×	✓

Example: Peter **can** ride a bike, but he **can't** draw.

Jane _____

Lucy _____

Jane _____ draw.

Peter _____ sing.

3. What you can or can't do: Napiš co umíš nebo neumíš



4. Translate:

Přelož

Já umím hrát tenis. _____

Umíš jezdit na kole? _____

Mohu se dívat na televizi? _____

You can't go out! _____

Ona neumí zpívat, ale umí kreslit. _____

5. Choose the correct form:

Vyber správnou možnost

There **is/are** a car.

There **is/are** apples.

Is/are there a school near the city?

There **is/are** a child.

Is/are there any shops?

6. Answer the questions:

Odpověz na otázky

When is your birthday? _____

How old are you? _____

Do you like chocolate or vanilla cake? _____

Do you celebrate your birthday with your friends? _____

What do you wish for your birthday? _____

Přítomný čas průběhový, otázky a krátké odpovědi



1. Slovíčka – What can you see in Czechia?

Prague Castle	Tower Bridge	
London Eye	Old Town Square	
Charles Bridge	St. Vitus Cathedral	Wenceslas Square

2. Complete the sentences about the pictures:

Utvor věty podle obrázku

Example:



Lisa

Lisa is drinking a tea.



George



Sam

Lara



3. Complete the questions (use present continuous)

Utvor' otázky v přítomném průběhovém čase

Example: play/he/football ? Is he playing football ?

lunch/look/she ? _____

do/they/what ? _____

speak/you/Czech ? _____

what/he/play ? _____

4. Complete the sentences (use present continuous)

Doplň do vět správný tvar slovesa v průběhovém čase

Example: I _____ (**draw**) a picture. —————> I **am drawing** a picture.

- She _____ (read) a book.
- We _____ (ride) a bike.
- Lisa _____ (speak) with Sam.
- You _____ (play) volleyball.
- They _____ (listen) to music.

5. Finish answering the question

Dokonči odpověď na otázku

Example: Does Lucy speak English? – Yes, **she does**.

Are you happy? – Yes, _____.

Do you like this T- shirt? – No, _____.

Is Debbie at home? – Yes, _____.

Are your parents at home? – No, _____.

Is he nice? – Yes, _____.

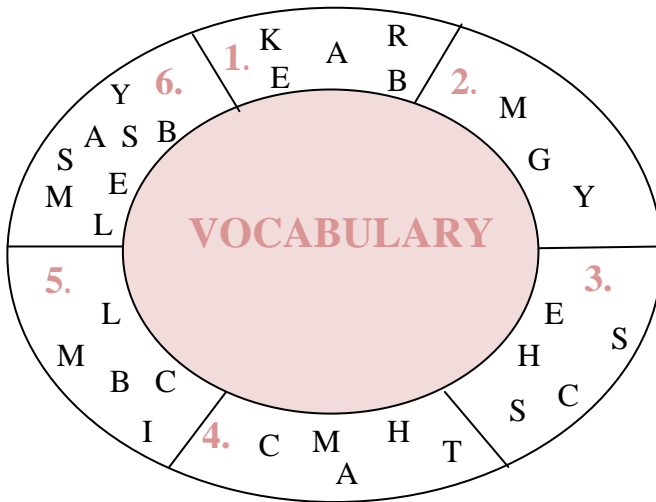
Is your friend an actor? – No, _____.

Přítomný čas prostý, příslovce četnosti



1. Find the words and translate:

Vylušti slovíčka a přelož



1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____

2. Translate:

Přelož

Example: Já jdu – I go.

- On hraje. _____
- My čteme. _____
- Já počítám. _____
- Ona spí. _____
- Ty píšeš. _____
- Oni kreslí. _____
- Já jím. _____

3. Complete the sentences:

Dokonči věty

Example: I never - I never drive a car.

I always _____.

I often _____.

I never _____.

I usually _____.

I sometimes _____.



4. Write about Lara's plans for the weekend:

Napiš jaké má Lara plány na víkend

	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Morning	go to school	cook lunch	do homework
Afternoon	play tennis	meet Cindy	walk a dog
Evening	watch TV	go to the party	read a book

Example: Lara goes to school on Friday morning.

or

On Friday morning she goes to school.

Ukazovací zájmena, otázky



1. Write missing letters:

Doplň písmena z nabídky a slož slova

R (5x); M (2x); C (1x); A (2x); S (3x); K (2x); D (1x); O (1x); L (3x); I (1x);
U (1x); E (1x); W (1x); G (1x); H (1x); T (2x)

B__ IGH__

P__L__OV__R

D__A__A __L

__TI__L

__S__

S__IM__IN__ T__UNK__

__I__S

__ART__N S__I__T

L__NE__Y

P__ __ CE

C__OT__ES

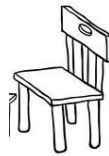
2. Write about pictures:

Napiš o obrázcích

Example:



This chair is small.



That chair is big.



ugly

_____.



pretty

_____.



sad

_____.



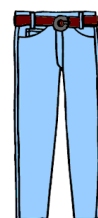
happy

_____.



old

_____.



new

_____.



3. Translate:

Example: Líbí se ti to? – Do you like it?

Líbí se ti tohle tričko? _____

Chceš to koupit? _____

Co si chceš koupit? _____

Proč se ti líbí tyto boty? _____

Co nosíš na pláži? _____

4. Complete the question:

Dokonči otázku (spoj):

Do she wear it?

Does do you buy?

What does the shop open?

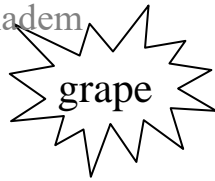
When you like it?

Přítomný čas prostý a přítomný čas průběhový



1. Make pairs:

Spoj slovíčka s překladem



2. Complete the sentences with the correct form of present simple:

Dokonči větu (použij přítomný čas prostý)

Example: I am (be) happy.

1. We often _____ (have) breakfast at 7 o'clock.
2. She _____ (not have) got a sister.
3. They usually _____ (play) volleyball on Monday.
4. He _____ (wash) a car.
5. My aunt _____ (live) in London.
6. I _____ (have) got a dog.
7. He _____ (have) got a car.
8. George _____ (not watch) TV.
9. The weather _____ (be) nice.
10. We _____ (walk) a dog every day.

3. Complete the sentences with the correct form of present continuous:

Dokonči větu (použij přítomný čas průběhový)

Example: She is walking (walk) a dog.

1. We _____ (play) football today.
2. She _____ (have) lunch now.
3. I _____ (drink) tea at the moment.



4. They _____ (look) for the car.
5. Lisa _____ (speak) English right now.
6. It _____ (not work).
7. I _____ (learn) Maths now.
8. We _____ (draw) a picture at the moment.
9. He _____ (have) a party today.
10. They _____ (run) right now.

4. Put the verb into the correct form (present simple/continuous):

Napiš slovesa ve správném tvaru (přítomný čas prostý / průběhový)

1. I usually _____ (go) to work by car.
2. What _____ (you, think) about it?
3. Where is Mum? She _____ (swim) in the pool.
4. He _____ (have) a shower.
5. I _____ (get) up at 8 o'clock.
6. I work in Brno, but at the moment I _____ (work) in Prague.
7. _____ (you, play) tennis every day?
8. I always _____ (read) this magazine.

5. Write the correct form of the verb TO BE in past simple:

Doplň správný tvar slovesa TO BE v minulém čase



- I _____ in a restaurant.
- Anna and George _____ at school.
- We _____ on the beach.
- They _____ sick.
- He _____ very busy.
- She _____ tired after the trip.
- They _____ sleepy.
- I _____ happy.

Minulý čas, pravidelná a nepravidelná slovesa, otázky na podmět a předmět



1. Crossword

Doplň křížovku podle

1. 2.

2. 3.

3. 4.

4. R 5.

5. 6.

6. 7.

7.



2. Write the sentences in past simple:

Napiš věty v minulém čase

Example: I play volleyball twice a week. – I **played** volleyball last Monday.

My mum usually cooks lunch at 11:00 o'clock. _____

We live in London. _____

He walks the dog every day. _____

I watch TV every day. _____



3. Translate, use the question on subject and object

Přelož, použij otázku na podmět nebo předmět

Koho viděla Lucy? _____.

Komu mamka volala? _____.

Kdo pozval Sama? _____.

Kdo pomohl mým rodičům? _____.

4. Write the text in past simple:

Přepiš text do minulého času

I wake up at 7:00. I have breakfast and then I walk my dog. I cook lunch at 11:00. I go on a trip at 14:00. Then I play football. I watch TV in the evening. I go to bed at 22:00.
